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Status of TSMP2 by DETECT/Z04

2025-05-14 | Stefan Poll^{1,2,3}, Marco van Hulten⁴, Johannes Keller^{1,2,°}, Paul Rigor^{1,2,°},
Daniel Caviedes-Voullième^{2,3,°}, Klaus Goergen^{1,2} (Z04 and °affiliated)
Under the auspices and with support of groups from Stefan Kollet^{1,2} and Harrie-Jan Hendricks-Franssen^{1,2}
Supported by Kaveh Patakchi Yousefi^{1,2}, Niklas Wager^{1,2,*}, Carl Hartick^{1,2,*}, Muhammad Fahad^{1,2},
Ana Gonzalez-Nicolas^{2,3}

¹Institute of Bio- and Geosciences (IBG-3, Agrosphere), Research Centre Jülich (FZJ), Jülich, Germany

²Centre for High-Performance Scientific Computing in Terrestrial Systems (HPSC TerrSys), Geoverbund ABC/J, Jülich, Germany

³Simulation and Data Lab Terrestrial Systems (SDLTS), Jülich Supercomputing Centre (JSC), Research Centre Jülich (FZJ), Jülich, Germany

⁴High-Performance Computing and Analytics Lab (HPC/A-Lab), University of Bonn, Bonn, Germany

*New affiliation



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Goals

**Build
system**

**Work-
flow
engine**

**Setups
and
Configu-
ration**

**Exa-
scale
readine-
ss**

**Coming
next**



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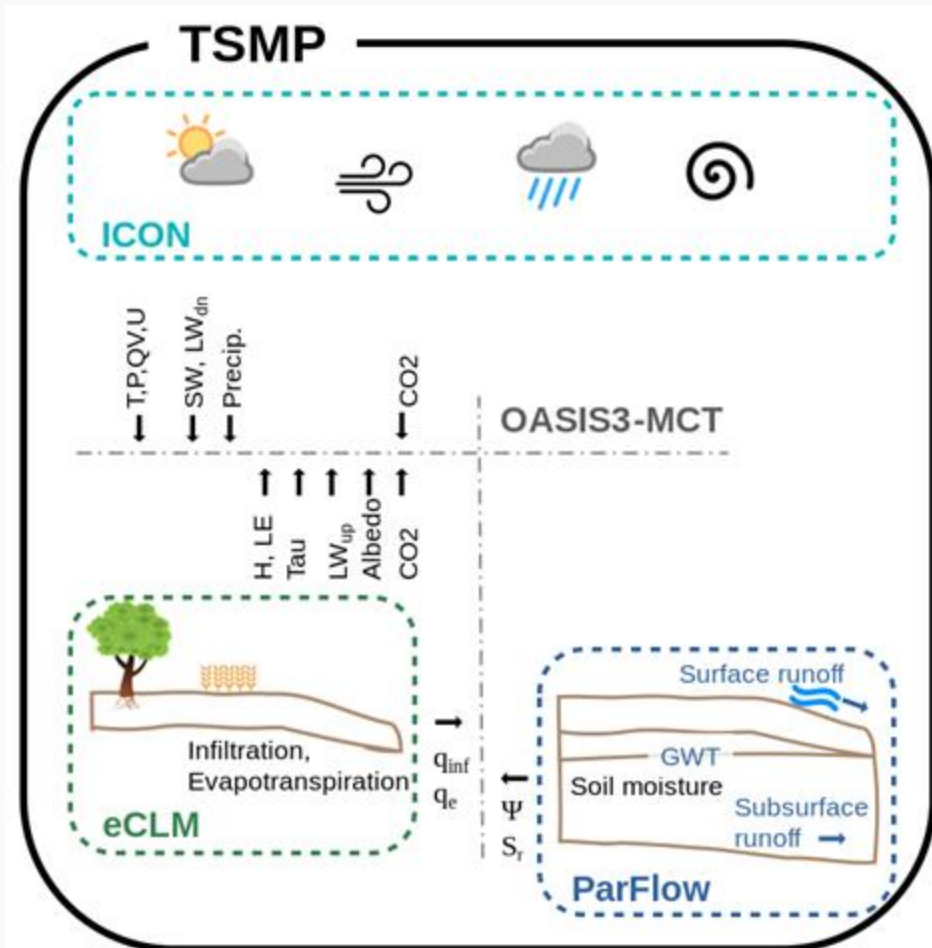
**Coming
next**

Goals and Overview

TSMP overview, coupling, goals in DETECT I

TSMP2 framework – Overview

Terrestrial Systems Modelling Platform v2 (TSMP2)



- Modular coupling design (MPMD + HC)
- Open source (framework + components)

ICON – v2024.07

Zängl et al.,
2015
Atmospheric
model

eCLM – Fork of NCAR's CLM5.0

based on
Lawrence et al.,
2019
Land-surface
model

ParFlow – v3.13

Kollet and Maxwell,
2006; Kuffour et al.
2020
Integrated
hydrological
model

OASIS3-MCT – v5.0

Craig et al., 2017
External coupler

TSMP framework – Atmosphere-Land coupling

Explicit coupling approaches after Polcher et al. (1998)

TSMP1

Exchange coefficients approach

- Coupling via exchange coefficients ($C_{\theta,q,M}$) and surface variables
- Calculation of surface fluxes

TSMP2

Fixed fluxes approach

- Coupling via turbulent fluxes
- Direct usage of surface fluxes

Surface flux calculation in ICON

$$\begin{aligned} H_0 &= -\rho c_p C_\theta |v_h| \Delta T \\ (L_v E)_0 &= -\rho L_v C_q |v_h| \Delta q_v \\ M_{i,0} &= -\rho C_M |v_h| \Delta u_i \end{aligned}$$



TSMP2 framework – Land-Subsurface coupling

Explicit coupling approach; coupling via Richards equation

Surface and subsurface component models share the same vertical discretization

- Infiltration and root zone transpiration (eCLM) show up as Q
- Pressure head (ParFlow) replaces soil matric potential (eCLM)
- ParFlow overrides soil hydraulic properties specified in eCLM
- Soil water is computed to ParFlow and then passed to eCLM

Richards equation:

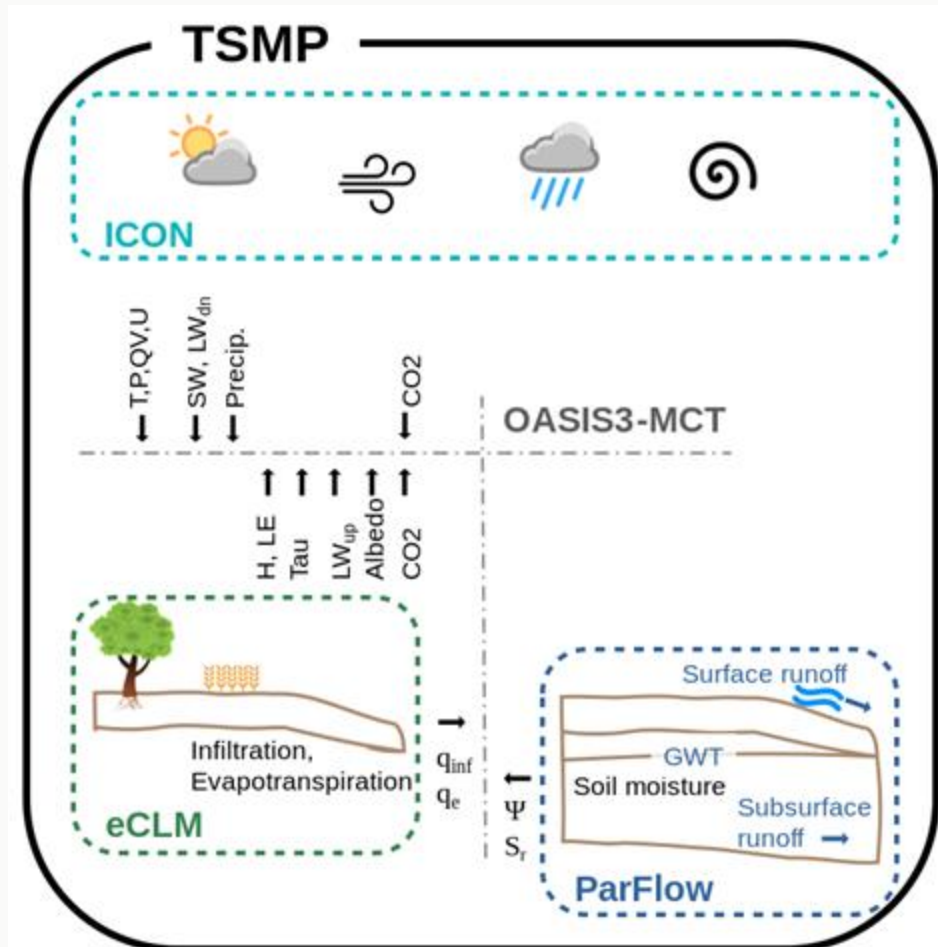
$$S(p)S_s \frac{\partial p}{\partial t} - \frac{\partial(S(p)\rho(p)\phi)}{\partial t} - \nabla \cdot (\mathbf{K}(p)\rho(p)(\nabla p - \rho(p)\vec{g})) = Q$$

where:

p – pressure head	ρ – water density
S – water saturation	g – gravity
ϕ – porosity	
S_s – specific storage coefficient	
$\mathbf{K}(p)$ – hydraulic conductivity tensor	

TSMP2 framework – Context and overall usage

Terrestrial Systems Modelling Platform v2 (TSMP2) in DETECT



- The Integrated Modelling System (IMS) is important for hypothesis testing in DETECT CRC
- IMS can simulate feedbacks and interactions in groundwater-land-atmosphere system
- Fully coupled TSMP2 is usable, all components and software tools in the workflow are ready
- Increase user friendliness
 - Front end in the building system
 - Introducing a runtime environment
- TSMP2 component models in use by DETECT WPs; the fully coupled is not used yet, though there is potential
- Fully coupled TSMP1 (COSMO-CLM3.5-ParFlow) is “workhorse” for hypothesis testing, e.g. D02



TSMP2 fully coupled simulation experiments, towards RESM

Goal: Must have TSMP2 fully usable for DETECT / Phase 2 and published beforehand

Workflow is ready: simulation setup (HPC system, software environment, built system, domain, external parameter fields), model configuration, compute configuration, initial conditions, automatized workflow engine (BC pre-processing, run-control / -monitoring, (post-)processing, archiving), dissemination (full data lifecycle)

Planning – once data is produced more analyses are possible, Z04 will conduct the TSMP2 3km baseline run:

1. 2025/Q1-Q2: TSMP2 introduction paper (e.g., GMD(D)), using 12km and idealized tests; proof of concept; baseline paper for TSMP2
2. 2025/Q2-Q3: TSMP2 high resolution, coupled, pan-EU frontier experiment presentation and evaluation paper (e.g., GRL), short test / annual cycles / individual weather events / multi-year eval runs

Baseline setup: 1hr ERA5-driven, direct nest, CLMcom ICON configs, planned/needed: 2000-2020 (time-slices), transient GHGs and aerosols, static land cover, no HWU, needs IC from ParFlow standalone run EUR-0275, run “in the background”

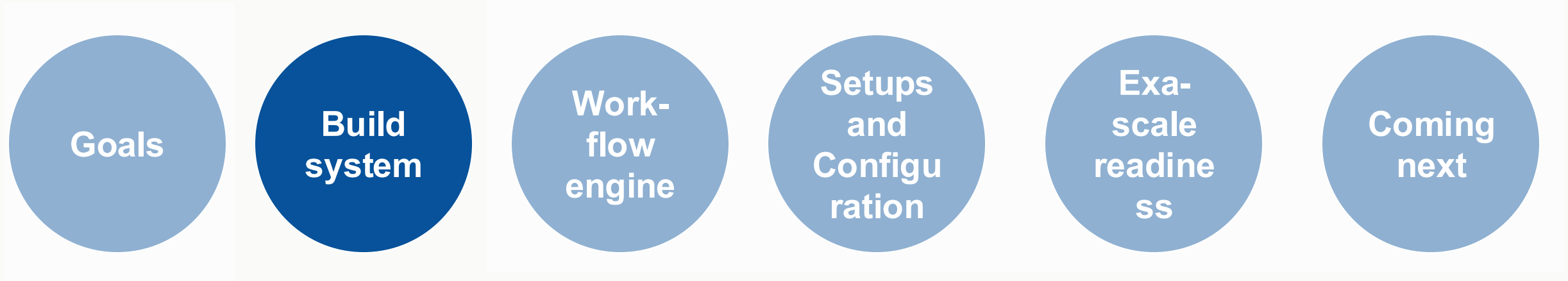


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Build System

Developments in build system, component models and beyond



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Building within TSMP2 framework

New TSMP2 frontend for more convenient building of model components

Build your model in just two steps:

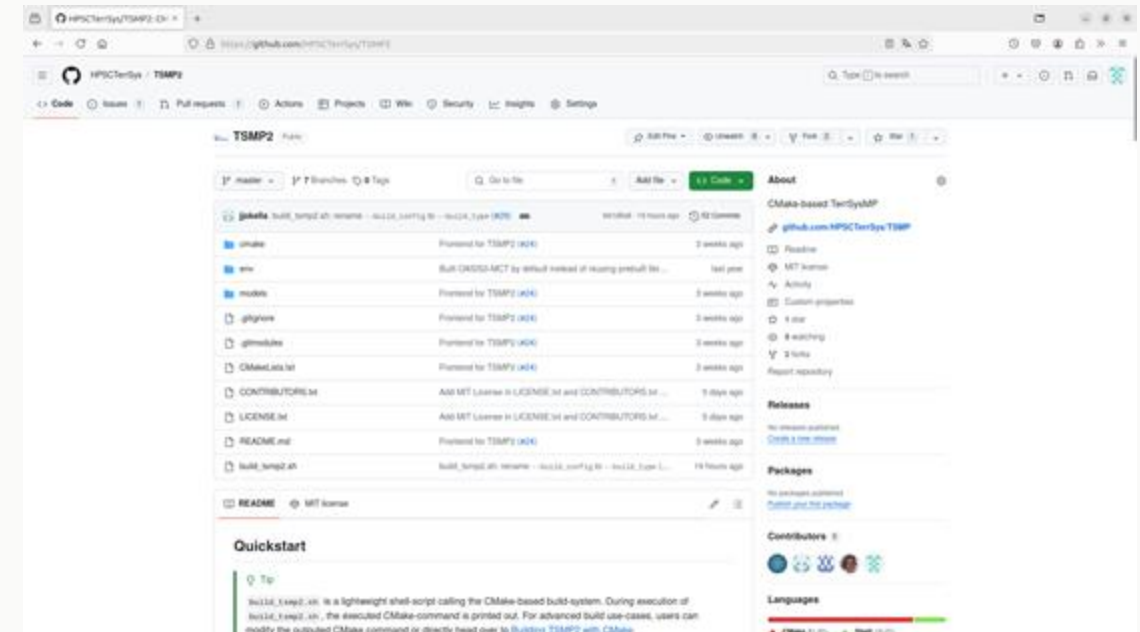
- 1) Clone repository: `git clone https://github.com/HPSCTerrSys/TSMP2`
- 2) Build model components: `./build_tsmp2.sh --ICON --eCLM --ParFlow`

Supported machines (by default):

- JUWELS, JURECA-DC, JUSUF
- JEDI / JUPITER
- MARVIN
- Ubuntu

Multiple Environments possible

- Intel, GNU





Model improvements & upgrades

Optimisation of the coupling

Update of component models

- i) ICON: update to open-source release, synced with icon/icon in background
- ii) eCLM: update procedure in planning
- iii) ParFlow: follows upstream

ICON-eCLM coupling:

- i) eCLM first receive from ICON, then read streams → better flow of data
- ii) Do not couple lateral boundary points (halo-region)



TSMP2-PDAF: Data assimilation with TSMP2

Collaborative development environment

Build

- TSMP2 repository:
<https://github.com/HPSCTerrSys/TSMP2/>
- New frontend for simplified user experience:
`./build_tsmp2.sh --eCLM --PDAF`

Documentation

- https://hpscterrsys.github.io/TSMP/content/setup_tsmp/input_enkfpf.html

Issues

- In-repo (TSMP2, eCLM, PDAF,...)
- DETECT (https://gitlab.jsc.fz-juelich.de/detect/detect_z03_z04/discussions/-/issues)





TSMP2-PDAF: Data assimilation with TSMP2

Status and Plans

Status

- Recent developments:
 - New observation types in TSMP-PDAF: Snow-Depth / SWE, LAI (point-scale), LST
 - Local filters (e.g. LESTKF) for eCLM-PDAF

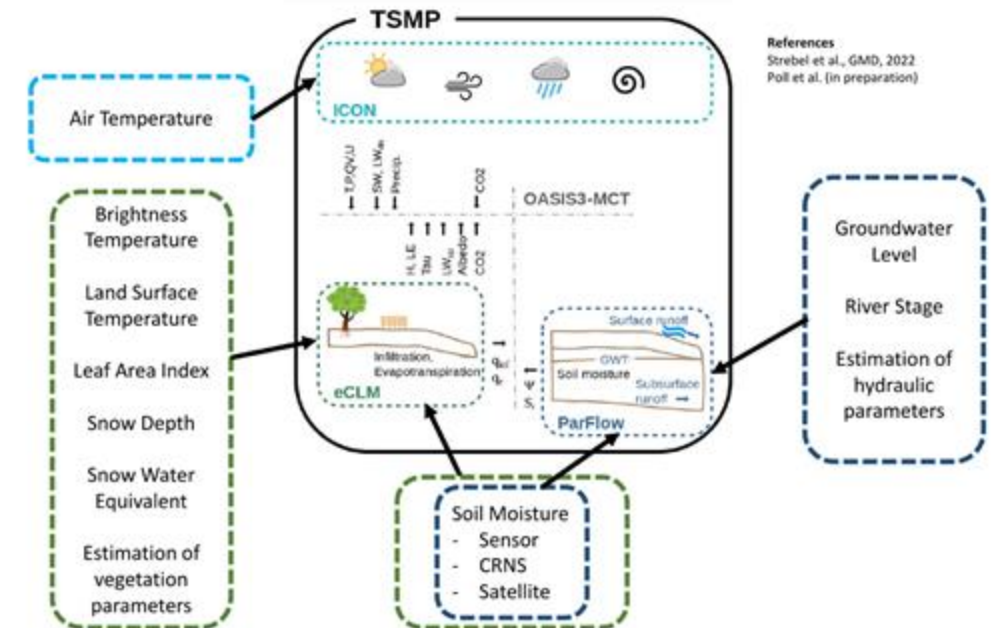
Plans for 1st phase of DETECT

- OMI-interface, GRACE-DA currently in University Bonn branch (Yorck), include into TSMP-PDAF
- Fully functional (assimilation into point-scale and distributed simulations)
 - LST-DA
 - Snow-DA (SWE / Snow-Depth)
 - LAI-DA

Proposals for 2nd phase of DETECT (new in bold)

- **Flexible multivariate assimilations** of all observation types, i.e. SM, in-situ ET, GRACE data, LST, Snow variables, LAI
- **Hypothesis testing** with TSMP-PDAF
- **Snow-cover DA**

TSMP-PDAF Observations





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Runtime environment – TSMP2 workflow engine

Convenient way to perform simulations

Why using TSMP workflow engine?

- Simulation control and reproducibility
- Pre-processing, simulation, post-processing, visualization

Features

- Flexible usage of any model component and combination in TSMP2 realm
- Usable for component models standalone and coupled systems
- For test, production and sensitivity runs
- Download and “direct” start

Workflow engine as the skeleton

- Is not functional in itself
- “Knows” where to set the parts



Technicalities

- Version controlled (git based)
- Git repository at github
- Shell-based / simple structure
- Choice of experiment based on submodules

Git submodules make it complete

- for model source code, model namelist
- for static fields
- for post/pre-processing scripts
-





TSMP2 workflow engine

Structure of TSMP2 WFE



TSMP2_wfe/

---- ctl	-> managing the simulation
---- nml	-> model namelists
---- run	-> number crunching
---- dta	-> data
---- src	-> source codes

Two configure files to manage configuration / setup

---- master.conf	-> general settings
---- expid.conf	-> model specifications

master.conf (excerpt)

```
# main settings
MODEL_ID=ICON-eCLM-ParFlow #ParFlow #ICON-eCLM #ICON-eCLM-ParFlow #ICON
EXP_ID="eur-11u"
CASE_ID="" # identifier for cases
conf_file="" # configure file for cases, also possible ${EXP_ID}.conf

# main switches (PREprocessing, SIMulations, POST-processing, VISualisation)
lpre=( false false false ) # config, run, cleanup
lsim=( true true true ) # config, run, cleanup
lpos=( false false false ) # config, run, cleanup
lvis=( false false false ) # config, run, cleanup

# time information
cpltsf_atmsfc=900 # coupling time step, atm-sfc, eCLM timestep [sec]
cpltsf_sfcss=900 # coupling time step, sfc-ss, ParFlow timestep [sec]
simlength="1 day" #"23 hours"
startdate="2017-07-01T00:00Z" # ISO norm 8601
inidate=${startdate} # ISO norm 8601, fix for entire simulation
numsimstep=1 # number of simulation steps, simulation period = numsimstep * simlength
```

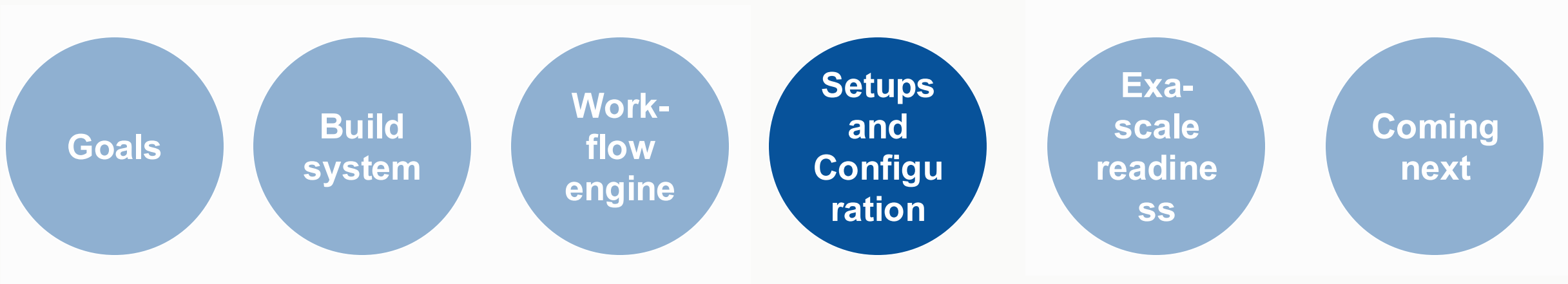


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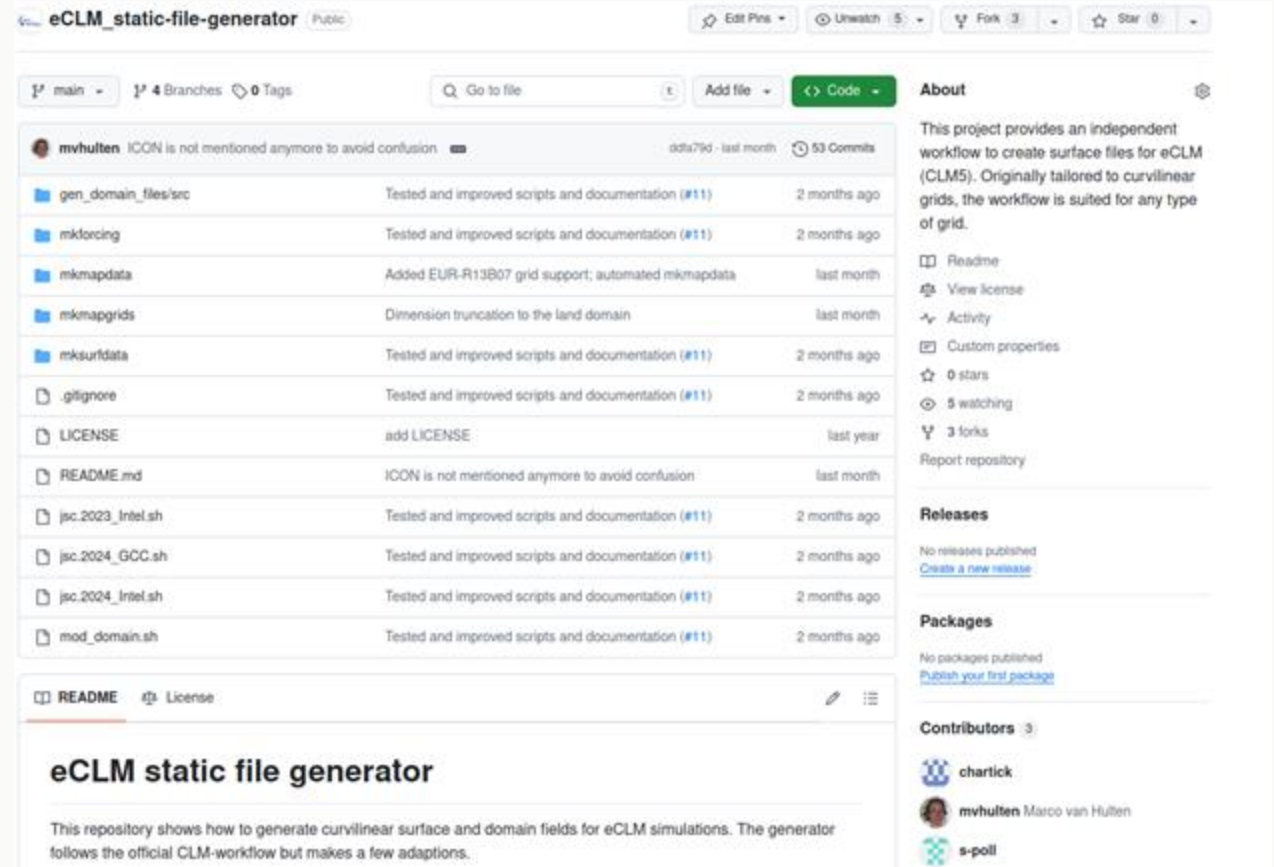
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Generate of new domains

eCLM static file generator

- Creation of new static parameters
- Make consistent static fields across TSMP2 compartments
- Creation of eCLM/CLM5 atmospheric forcing files





TSMP2 fully coupled simulation experiments, 3km frontier runs

Model configurations, 12km (R13B05, EUR-11), 3km (R13B07, EUR-0275)

- Climate mode configuration
- HWU, LULCC possible
- Non local effects and remote feedbacks with large domain

Grids:

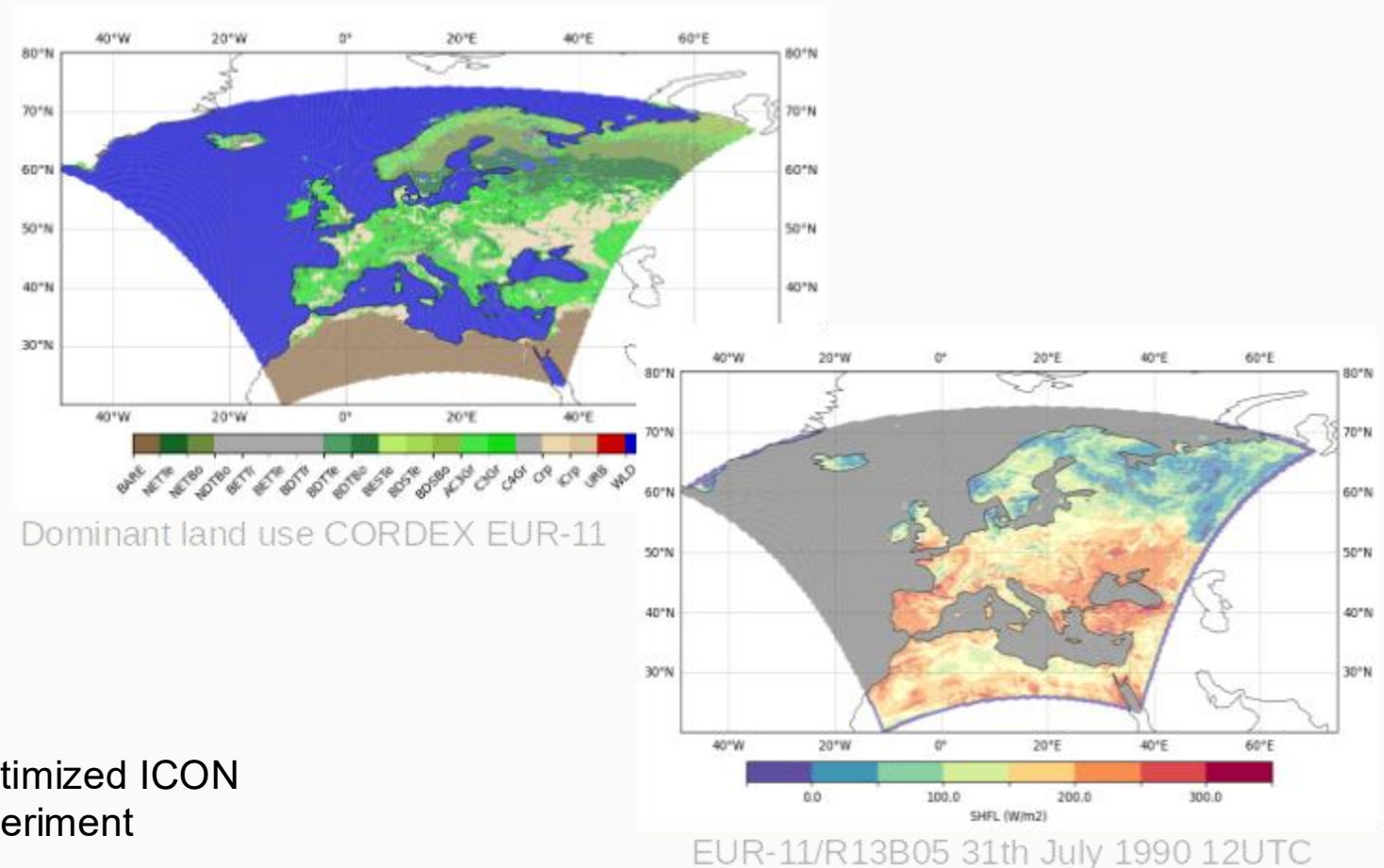
icosahedral (ICON, eCLM)

curvilinear (ParFlow)

4 different model grids:

- 12km domain
 - EUR-11; R13B05
- 3km domain
 - EUR-0275; R13B07

CLMcom, WG CPCS, CECPI-Ger initiative: optimized ICON configuration from coordinated community experiment





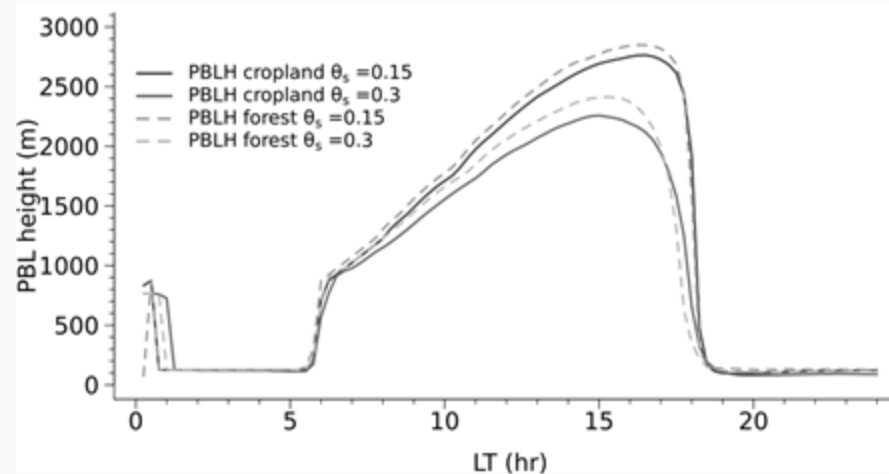
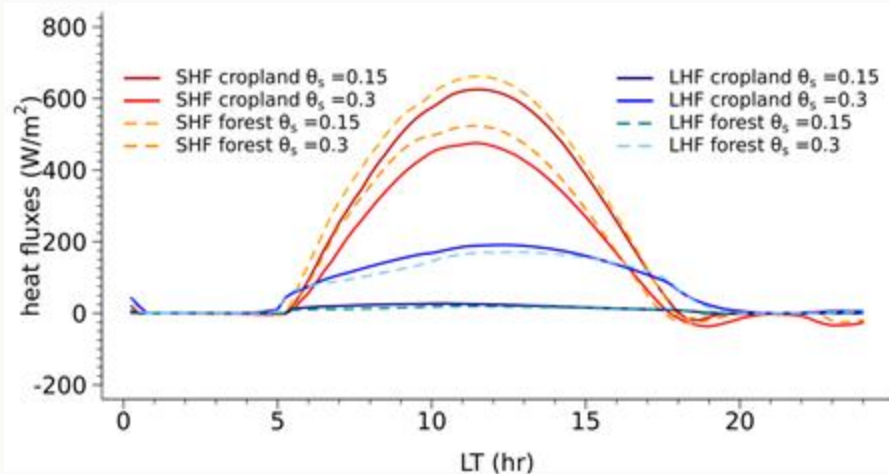
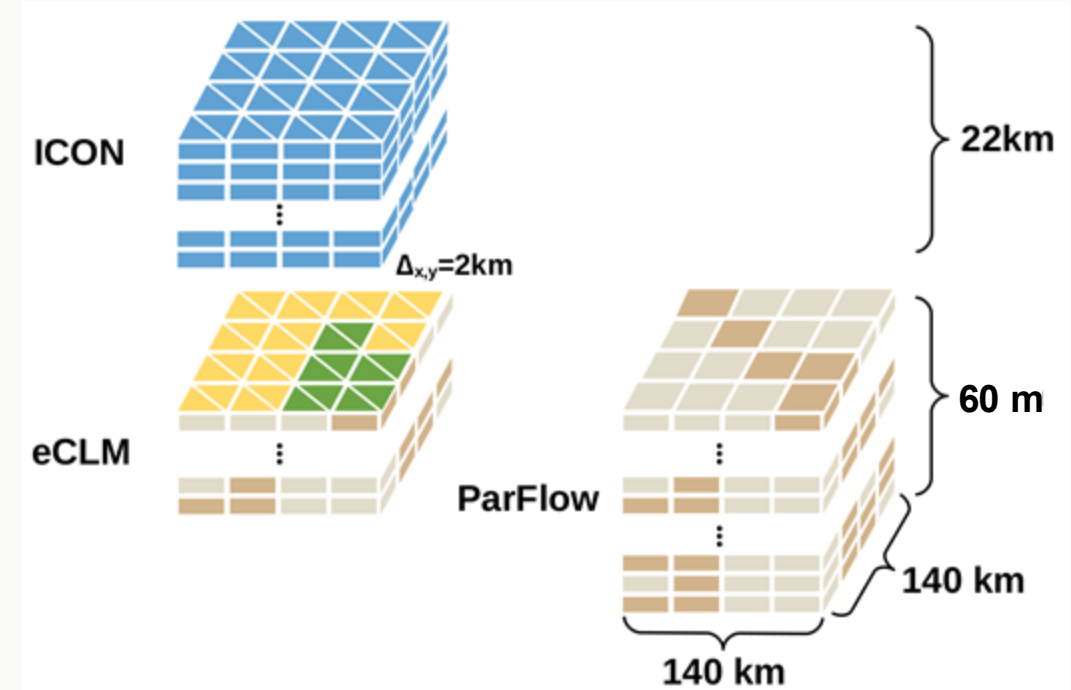
IDEALIZED TEST-CASE

Sensitivity on land-cover and soil moisture

Setup

- ICON and eCLM on icosahedral grid, ParFlow on cartesian grid
- Homogeneous land and sub-surface with different initial conditions (24hrs)

Feedback on land-cover and soil moisture content:



Setup: double periodic boundary condition, atm. initialisation after Patton et al. (2005), loam soil

TSMP2 fully coupled simulation experiments, 3km frontier runs

Model setup and external parameter fields, 12km (R13B05, EUR-11), 3km (R13B07, EUR-0275)

Coupled G2A TSMP2

1600x1552x65/30

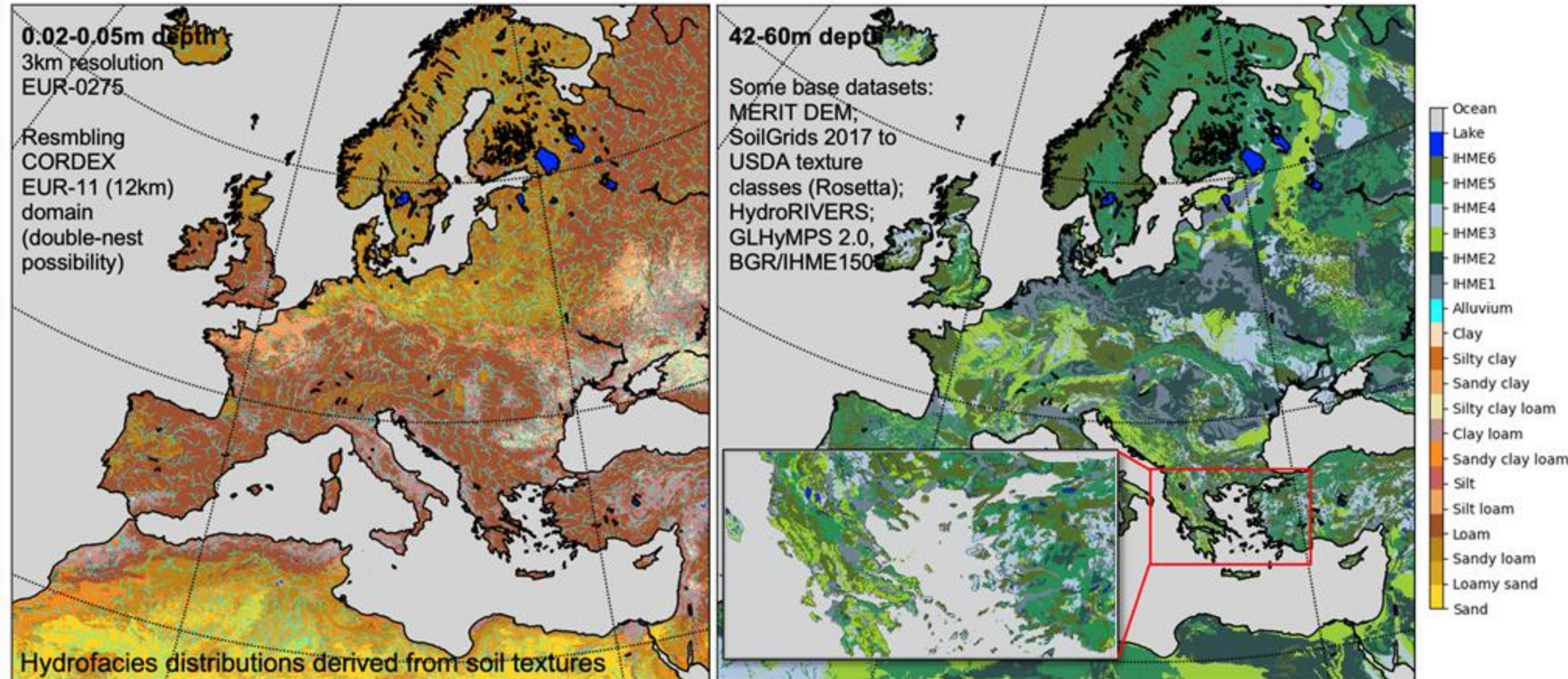
3km resolution

Grids: curvilinear
(ParFlow), icosahedral
(ICON, eCLM)

Climate mode
configuration

HWU, LULCC possible

Non local effects and
remote feedbacks with
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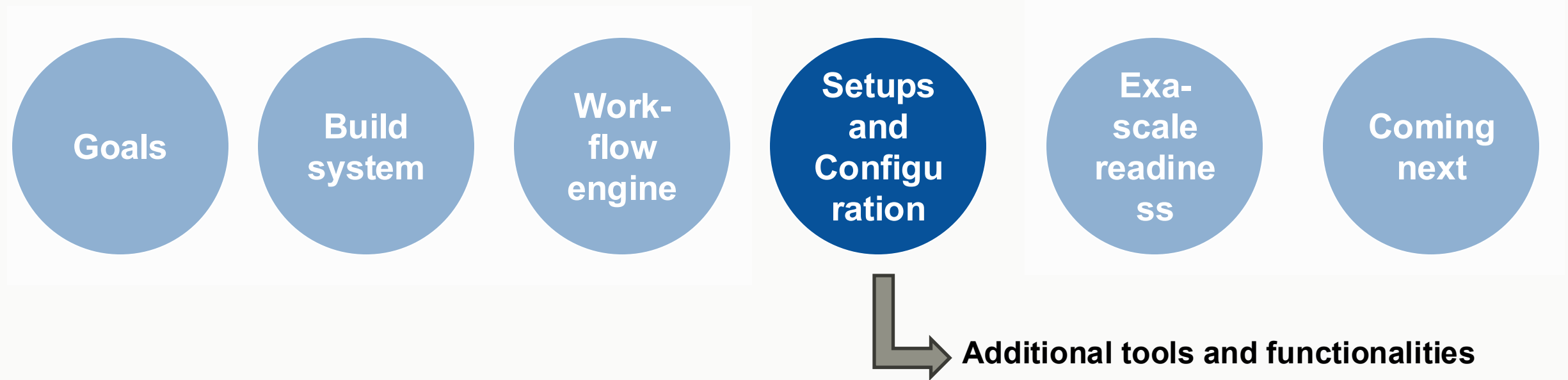
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TSMP2: Water Budget Analysis (WBA) and Data Tools

Goal: Evaluating model physical consistency using scalable data processing tools

Objective 1: Exploring Data Processing Tools

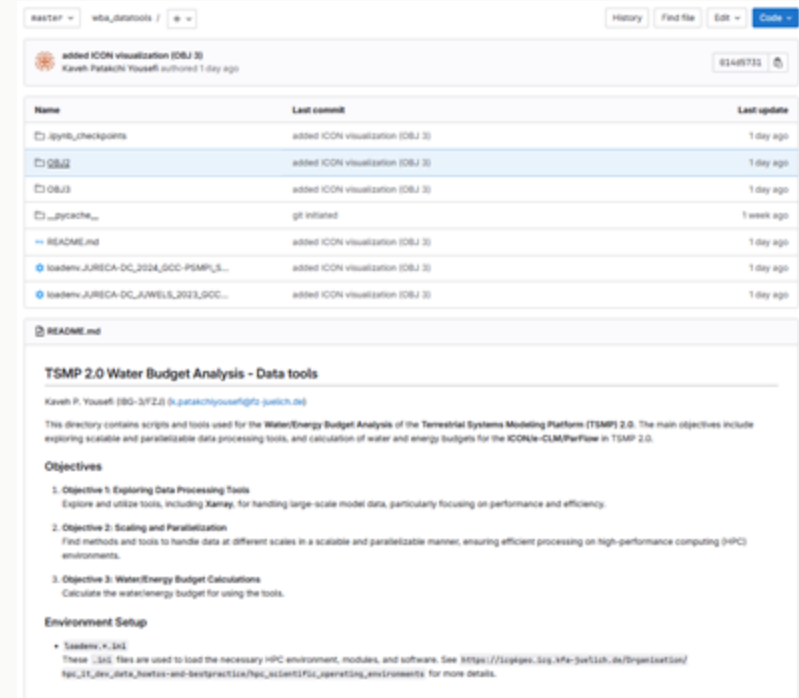
Explore and utilize tools, including Xarray, for handling large-scale model data, particularly focusing on performance and efficiency.

Objective 2: Scaling and Parallelization

Find methods and tools to handle data at different scales in a scalable and parallelizable manner, ensuring efficient processing on high-performance computing (HPC) environments.

Objective 3: Water Budget Calculations, physical consistency

Calculate the water budget for using the tools.



Gitlab repo for WBA and data tools (internal)



TSMP2-PDAF: Data Assimilation with TSMP2

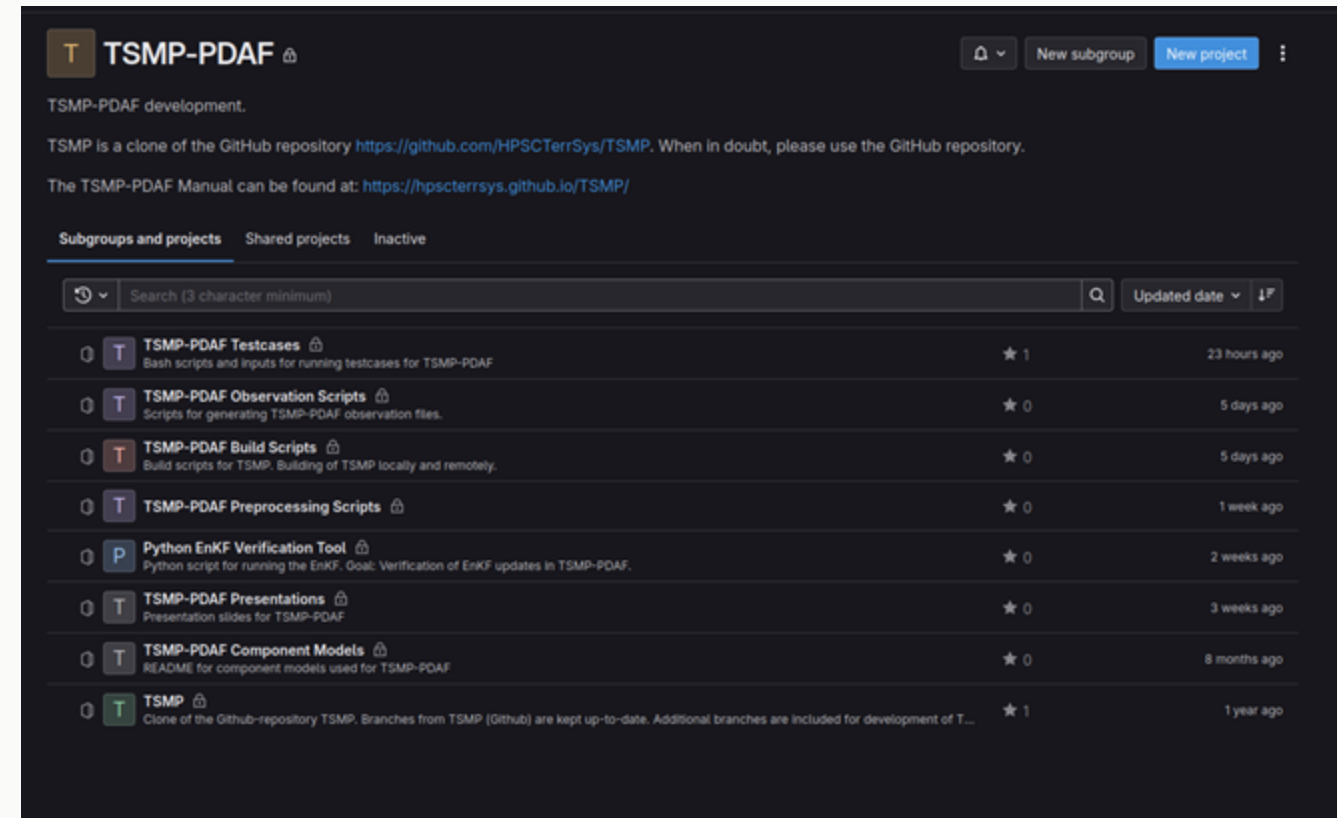
Collaborative development environment

Testing

- <https://icg4geo.icg.kfa-juelich.de/ExternalRepos/tsmp-pdaf/TSMP-PDAF-testcases>
- eCLM-PDAF testcases for SM-DA (10x10, NRW) and Snow-DA (single site)

Python

- <https://icg4geo.icg.kfa-juelich.de/ExternalRepos/tsmp-pdaf>
- Observation scripts
- Build scripts
- Preprocessing scripts (perturbation, ensemble namelist)
- Python verification tool





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Preparing for exascale
JUPITER will start production soon



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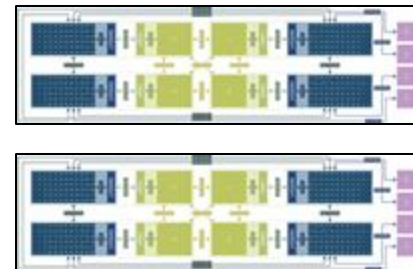
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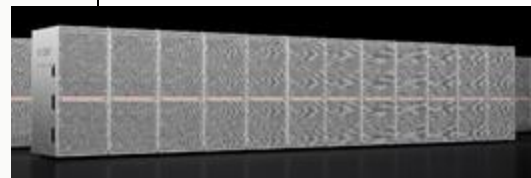
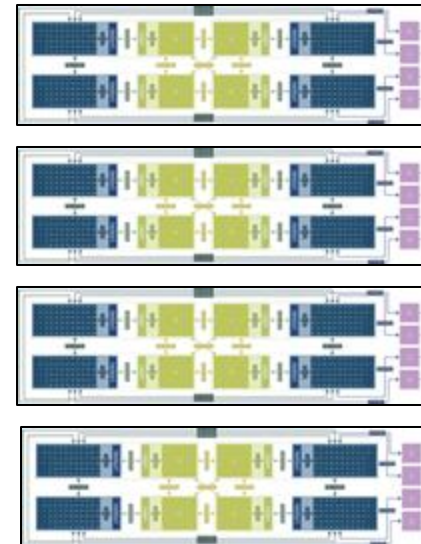
Towards TSMP2 in JUPITER(-Booster)

- ParFlow and ICON on GPUs, CLM on CPU
- Offloading the atmospheric model to GPUs should provide speed-up. Load balancing will completely change
- Exploit in-node heterogeneity in the GH200 superchips in JUPITER
- TSMP2 (CPU) running on JEDI
- First tests with eCLM (CPU) + ParFlow (GPU) are running in JEDI. Adding ICON (GPU) in progress.

ParFlow+eCLM



ICON

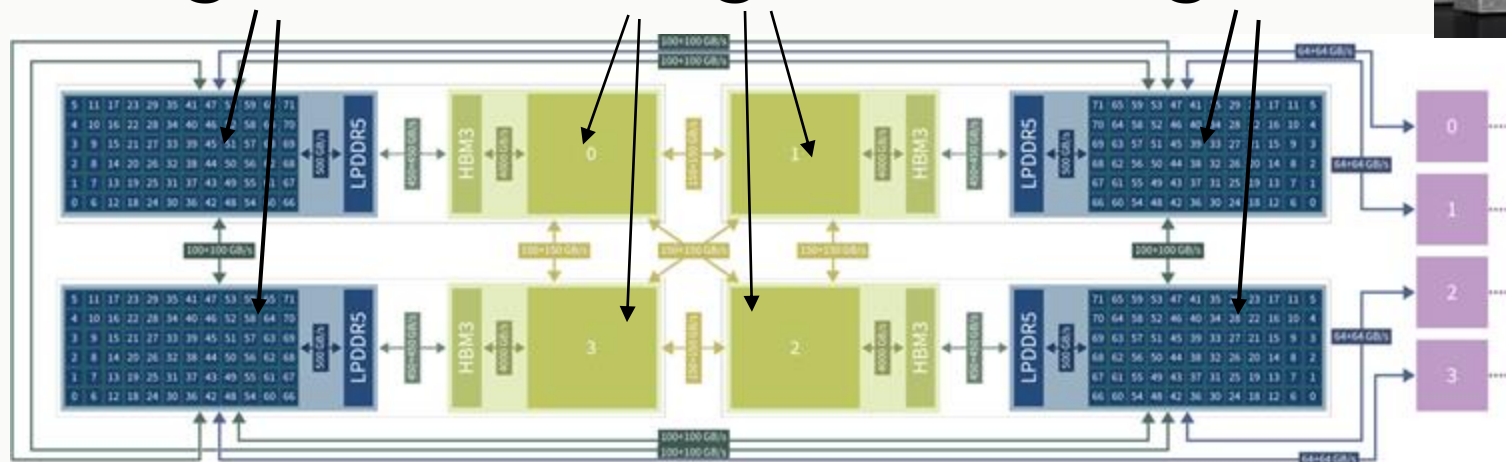


TSMP2@JUPITER

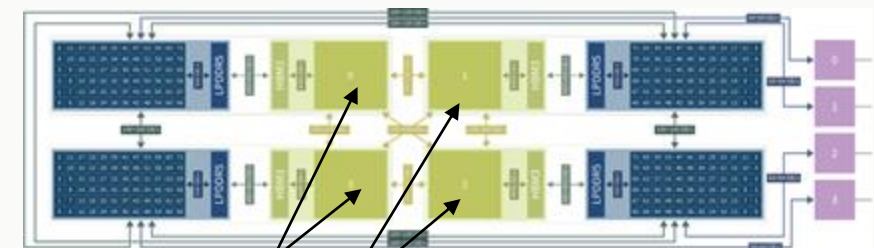
eCLM @ Grace

ParFlow @ H100

eCLM @ Grace



In-node heterogeneous computing



ICON @ H100

JUPITER Booster Node: 4 x Nvidia Grace-Hopper superchip (GH200)
4 x Hopper H100 GPU + 4 x 72 Neoverse V2 ARM CPU cores

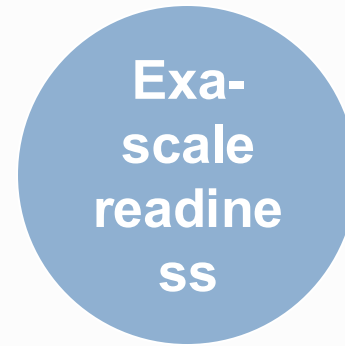
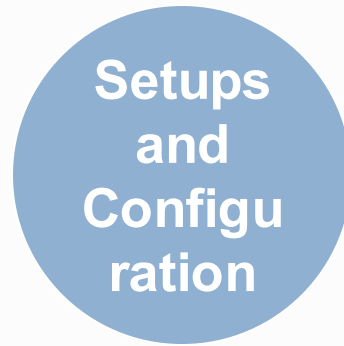
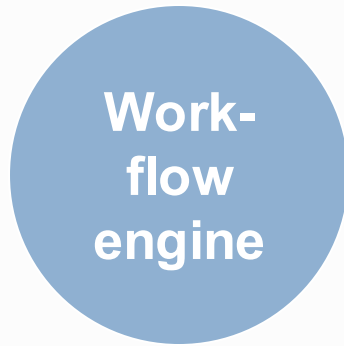
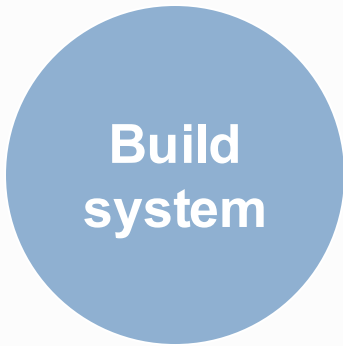


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CONCLUSION & ONGOING WORK

Terrestrial Systems Modeling Platform (TSMP2) based on ICON, eCLM and ParFlow

Conclusion

- TSMP2 is an open-source, state-of-the-art RESM for comprehensive terrestrial water cycle research G2A
- Computational overhead of ~10-20% due to increase of physical representation
- Software infrastructure for fully coupled system and component models

Ongoing work

- Preparation of baseline simulation 2000-2020 for $\Delta_x=12\text{km}$ and $\Delta_x=3\text{km}$

TSMP2

<https://github.com/HPSCTerrSys/TSMP2>

Component models

ICON

<https://gitlab.dkrz.de/icon/icon-model>

eCLM

<https://github.com/HPSCTerrSys/eCLM>

ParFlow

<https://github.com/parflow/parflow>



Next steps

- Finish ongoing tests, tuning
- “TSMP2 introduction” and “TSMP2 frontier experiment” papers
- Start ERA5 reanalysis-driven 3km evaluation runs asap with latest CLMcom / CECPI-Ger configuration
- CI/CB tests for monitoring the system
- With the DETECT modelling community from 2025-07 onwards (help in improving, testing, tuning):
 - Use of build system and workflow engine (for all model combinations)
 - Getting accustomed to coupled TSMP2 in preparation for phase 2
- Make all data available via detectdata, also from short tests



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³Simulation and Data Lab Terrestrial Systems (SDLTS), Jülich Supercomputing Centre (JSC), Research Centre Jülich (FZJ), Jülich, Germany

⁴High-Performance Computing and Analytics Lab (HPC/A-Lab), University of Bonn, Bonn, Germany

*New affiliation